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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/816,705	04/02/2004	Cary Lee Bates	RO919990202US2 1201	
31647 DUGAN & DU	7590 04/08/200 IGAN, P.C.	EXAMINER		
245 Saw Mill River Road			ZHONG, JUN FEI	
	Suite 309 Hawthorne, NY 10532			PAPER NUMBER
·			2623	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/08/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/816,705	BATES ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	JUN FEI ZHONG	2623					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 De	ecember 2007						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
ologica in addordance with the practice and of E.	n parte Quayle, 1000 O.B. 11, 40	0.0.210.					
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7 and 9-14</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	•						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7 and 9-14</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
· ·							
o) or oralling of the subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>28 December 2007</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
The datifor declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached office Action of form 1.70-102.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal Pa 6)  Other:	ite					

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 12/28/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that August does not teach tuning to television event via a command.

However, the examiner respectfully disagrees. August does teach tuning to television event via a command.

August discloses "the left and right arrow keys 356 and 357 are used to respectively decrement or increment the selected and displayed television channel. The keys on the keypad 360 are used to enter a desired channel number". August also discloses "this same function may also be provided for a user who is located remote from his or her residence. For this operation the user calls his or her telephone number and accesses the set-top box 32 for configuring this unit as desired. By entering the predetermined codes…" Therefore, a user could access the set top box remotely and enable/disable certain channels deliver to display device (i.e., ordering the set top box tuning to certain channels or not tuning to) by enter the predetermined codes (see col. 7, lines 15-22; col. 8, lines 12-17, 55-62; col. 9, lines 23-46; col. 10, lines 45-65; Fig. 2, 3, and 5).

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# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

3. Claims 1-5 and 12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by August et al. (Patent # US 5671267).

As to claim 1, August discloses a method of controlling a set top box comprising: providing a set top box that can be controlled by a telephone line coupled to the set top box (e.g., the base unit 20 could contained in the set top box 32) (see col. 9, lines 47-55; col. 10, lines 20-25, 45-65; Fig. 5);

receiving a telephone call from a calling party via the telephone line (see col. 10, lines 45-65);

controlling the set top box via at least one command transmitted by the calling party to the set top box during the telephone call, the controlling including directing the set top box to tune to a television event in accordance with the at least one command (e.g., ordering the set top box tuning to certain channels (or not tuning to) by enter the predetermined codes) (see col. 7, lines 15-22; col. 8, lines 12-17, 55-62; col. 9, lines 23-46; col. 10, lines 45-65; Fig. 2, 3, and 5).

As to claim 12, August discloses an apparatus adapted to employ a telephone interface (e.g., set top box 32; Fig. 5) comprising:

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a processor (e.g., control unit 210; Fig. 2) comprising computer program code adapted to control a set top box via at least one command transmitted by a calling party over a telephone line coupled to the set top box, the command being transmitted during a telephone call (e.g., the base unit 20 could contained in the set top box 32) (see col. 9, lines 47-55; col. 6, lines 35-51; col. 7, lines 1-11), the controlling including directing the set top box to tune to a television event in accordance with the at least one command (e.g., ordering the set top box tuning to certain channels (or not tuning to) by enter the predetermined codes) (see col. 7, lines 15-22; col. 8, lines 12-17, 55-62; col. 9, lines 23-46; col. 10, lines 45-65; Fig. 2, 3, and 5).

As to claim 14, it contains the limitations of claim 1 and is analyzed as previously discussed with respect to claim 1 above.

As to claim 2, August discloses the method of claim 1 wherein controlling the set top box via at least one command transmitted by the calling party comprises receiving at least one predetermined number dialed by the calling party (e.g., number 0-9 for channel number) (see col. 8, lines 13-17; col. 10, lines 45-65; Fig. 3).

As to claims 3 and 4, August discloses the method of claim 1 wherein controlling the set top box comprises disabling and enabling the set top box (e.g., user can

remotely enable or inhibit channels or signals reaching video receiving device 60; Fig. 5) (see col. 10, lines 45-65).

As to claim 5, August discloses the method of claim 1 wherein controlling the set top box comprises directing the set top box to decrease a volume of a television set coupled to the set top box (see col. 2, lines 56-64).

As to claim 13, claim 1 meets the limitation.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over August et al. in view of Doganata et al. (Patent # US 6772436 B1).

As to claim 6, note the discussion above, August does not specifically disclose using the television speaker for telephone speaker.

Doganata discloses the set top box to transmit an audio signal from the calling party over a speaker of the television set (see col. 4, lines 54-67; Fig. 1 and 2).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to using television speaker for telephone as taught by Doganata to the remotely control set top box of August because it enables TV viewers to participate in audio conferences that are linked to the programs that they are watching, without the need to dial in to a conference call (see col. 2, lines 15-18)

6. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over August et al. in view of Ellis et al. (Pub # US 2005/0028208 A1).

As to claim 7, note the discussion above, August does not specifically disclose playing the television audio over the telephone.

Ellis discloses directing the set top box to play at least an audio portion of a television event over the telephone line (see paragraph 0094, 0133; Fig.1).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to play television audio as taught by Ellis to the remotely control set top box of August because it provides a program guide system that allows a user to adjust to the user settings of a plurality of program guides at different locations within a household from a single location (see paragraph 0013).

7. Claims 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over August et al. in view of Schuchman et al. (Patent # US 5640453).

As to claim 9, note the discussion above, August does not specifically disclose directing the set top box to record a television event.

Schuchman discloses controlling the set top box comprises directing the set top box to record a television event (see col. 3, lines 29-36; Fig. 1).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to control VCR through set top box as taught by Schuchman to the remotely control set top box of August because the subscriber's settop box could command storage devices to record video services and a controlled data stream from the storage device (see col. 2, lines 38-42)

As to claim 10, Schuchman discloses the method of claim 9 wherein directing the set top box to record a television event comprises directing the set top box to transmit a record command to a video recording device (see col. 3, lines 29-36).

8. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over August et al. in view of Brodigan (Patent # US 6219355 B1).

As to claim 11, note the discussion above, August does not specifically disclose directing the set top box to play a telephone message.

Brodigan discloses controlling the set top box comprises directing the set top box to play a telephone message previously recorded by the set top box (e.g., replay voice messages) (see col. 5, lines 31-42).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide voice message as taught by Brodigan to the remotely control set top box of August because provide a much needed simplification of services, such as a customer may review voice messages, or even order an additional telephone line or change phone services with their set top box (see col. 2, lines 55-65).

#### Conclusion

9. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Nakano et al. (Patent # US 5901366) is cited to teach using cordless telephone selecting video program.

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# Inquiries

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jun Fei Zhong whose telephone number is 571-270-1708. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 7:30-5:00 EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vivek Srivastava can be reached on 571-272-7304. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JFZ 03/28/2008

/Vivek Srivastava/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2623